Supporting Caregiver Resilience and Needs

Webinar Part 4: Effective Communication

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Agenda

Background

Goals of the Workshop

Review

Addressing Needs

Summary

Four most commonly stated needs:

- Managing emotional and/or physical stress
- Overall self-care
- Coping with time, energy, and financial demands
- Communicating more effectively with the recipient.

Goals for Today

1. Increase your self-efficacy and resilience as a caregiver.

2. Learn how to effectively communicate with others.

3. Increase your sense of support.

Review of Parts 1-3: Stress & Burnout, Self-Care, and Managing Demands

- Burnout vs Stress
- Importance of Long-Term Self-Care
- Effective Management of Time, Energy and Financial Demands
 - What changes have you noticed since last week?
 - What tip(s) or worksheets did you find the most helpful?

Effective Communication



Why is effective communication important?

- Can help with managing stress and responsibilities
- Demonstrates awareness and respect for your rights and the rights of others
- Improving self-confidence
- Understanding and recognizing your own feelings
- Creates open, honest relationships



Assertiveness Assessment

- Think about difficulties you've encountered in relationships.
- Do communication difficulties play a role?
- In what situations is communication difficult?
- What thoughts, feelings, or physical symptoms do you notice?

Types of Ineffective Communication

• Passive Communication

- Disregarding your own needs, failing to express honest thoughts, feelings, beliefs
- Overly apologetic or silence
- Aggressive Communication
 - Disregarding others' needs, opinions, or feelings
 - Demanding, hostile, abrasive
- Passive Aggressive Communication
 - Expressing aggressive feelings in an indirect way rather than confronting the issue

What is Assertive Communication?

Based on mutual respect for everyone's thoughts, feelings, ideas, beliefs



Assertiveness Intervention: H.A.R.D

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Simple but "HARD"

NonAssertive

(Passive)

- H onest
 - A ppropriate
 - **R** espectful
 - D irect

(*)

Assertive

- (Tactful)
- H onest
 - A ppropriate
 - **R** espectful
 - D irect

Aggressive

(Rude)

H onest

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- A ppropriate
- **R** espectful
- D irect

Burn's 5 Secrets of Effective Communication

- **Disarming Technique:** Finding/ acknowledging truth in what the other person says
 - "You're right, I didn't do the dishes like you asked me to"
- Thought and Feeling Empathy: Summarizing/acknowledging what the other person might be feeling based on what they said
 - "You're feeling pretty angry that I left the dishes in the sink"

- **Gentle Inquiry:** Gentle questions to learn about what the other person is thinking/feeling
 - "Help me understand the impact of what I did"
- "I feel" statements: Starting sentence with "I feel" rather than "You..."
 - "I feel disrespected when you don't clean up the dishes"
- Affirmation: Conveying warmth / respect
 - "I appreciate that you're open with me about how you're feeling"

XYZ* Formula

- I feel X when you do Y in situation Z and I would like *
- Example:
 - I feel unappreciated when you don't say thank you when I clean the house and I would like you to acknowledge my efforts

Body Language

- Eye contact
- Open posture
- Uncrossed arms
- Distance
- "Leaning in"



Closed Posture Can indicate hostility, unfriendliness, and anxiety Open Posture May indicate friendliness, openness, and willingness

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Communication Plan Activity

Situation	Old Response	New Response
My partner díd not say thank you after I cooked dinner for him	"You never apprecíate anythíng I do around here"	"It would feel so good if we expressed gratitude to each other by saying thank you when we do things around the house"

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Barriers to Effective Communication

- Fearing repercussions
- Feeling insecure
- Low self-worth, not feeling worthy of respect

Overcoming Barriers to Effective Communication

- Practice!
- Remind yourself that you are worthy of setting limits and boundaries
- Start in low risk situations



Communication Log

Date	Situation	How You Responded	Outcome of Situation	Thoughts about Situation
February 1 st	The person I care for asked me to come over and take down their holiday decorations when I already had plans.	"I'm sorry, but that time doesn't work for me. I wonder if we can find another time that works for both of us. How about Saturday instead?"	We were able to find a time that worked for both of us and I was able to spend quality time with them without feeling resentful.	I am in control of my time. I am able to stand up for myself and prioritize my time.

Quick Takeaways for Assertive and Effective Communication

- Use "I" and "me" statements
- Confident body language
- Practice saying no
- Keep emotions in check



Part 3 Summary and Final Thoughts

• Any questions or comments before we end for the day?

See Reference Handout for Sources of Information in the Presentation